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| **Chapter 20: Collapse at the Center: World War, Depression, and the Rebalancing of Global Power, 1914–1970s-**Outlines Read the Chapter & Take Notes As You Go |
|  | **I.** | **The First World War: European Civilization in Crisis, 1914–1918** |

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|  | **A.** | **An Accident Waiting to Happen** |
|   |   | 1. | European global power; home rivalry & conflict  |
|   |   | 2. | Assassination of Franz Ferdinand, June 28, 1914 |
|   |   | 3. | Alliances and nationalism |
|   |   | 4. | Industrialized militarism |
|   |   | 5. | European empires & trade make it a global war |
|  | **B.** | **Legacies of the Great War** |
|   |   | 1. | Surprises and horrors of the war |
|   |   | 2. | Widespread disillusionment in Europe |
|   |   | 3. | Gender & the war: Mother’s Day v. flappers |
|   |   | 4. | National Self-Determination in Europe |
|   |   | 5. | Russian Revolution, 1917 |
|   |   | 6. | Treaty of Versailles, 1919 |
|   |   | 7. | Armenian Genocide, Ottoman collapse & Turkey’s rise |
|   |   | 8. | View from the colonies |
|   |   | 9. | Japanese expansion in China |
|   |   | 10. | Rise of the United States |

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|   | **II.** | **Capitalism Unraveling: The Great Depression** |

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|   | A. | Capitalism’s mixed track record |
|   | B. | Sudden unraveling of the economic system, 1929 |
|   | C. | Overproduction crisis, international loans, stock speculation |
|   | D. | Impact on global suppliers of raw materials and food |
|   | E. | Import substitution industrialization in Latin America |
|   | F. | Responses of the industrialized capitalist states |
|   | G. | Stalin’s USSR |

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|  | **III.** | **Democracy Denied: Comparing Italy, Germany, and Japan** |

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|  | **A.** | **The Fascist Alternative in Europe** |
|   |   | 1. | Extreme nationalism |
|   |   | 2. | Celebration of violence and a charismatic leader |
|   |   | 3. | Reactionary revolutionaries |
|   |   | 4. | Anticommunist, antidemocratic, and antifeminist |
|   |   | 5. | Benito Mussolini and his Black Shirts |
|   |   | 6. | *Fasces* |
|   |   | 7. | Powerful centralized state |
|  | **B.** | **Hitler and the Nazis** |
|   |   | 1. | Many similarities to Mussolini and the Black Shirts |
|   |   | 2. | Weimar Republic and the “stab in the back” myth |
|   |   | 3. | Economic disaster |
|   |   | 4. | Racism, anti-Semitism, and anticommunism |
|   |   | 5. | Anti-Treaty of Versailles |
|   |   | 6. | Chancellor, 1933; immediate attacks on opponents |
|   |   | 7. | *Mein Kampf*, Nuremburg Laws, and Kristallnacht |
|   |   | 8. | Antifeminism and male sexuality |
|   |   | 9. | Support for Hitler |

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|   | **C.** | **Japanese Authoritarianism** |
|   |   | 1. | Economic growth, social tension, and political repression in the 1920s |
|   |   | 2. | Impact of the Great Depression |
|   |   | 3. | Radical Nationalism or the Revolutionary Right |
|   |   | 4. | Assassinations and a failed military coup |
|   |   | 5. | No single party or charismatic leader |
|   |   | 6. | Growth of rightist authoritarians within the government |
|   |   | 7. | Government action on the economy |
|   |   | 8. | Less repressive than Italy or Germany |
|  | **D.** | **Japan and the World** |
|   |   | 1. | Anglo-Japanese Treaty, 1902 |
|   |   | 2. | War with China (1894–1895) and Russia (1904–1905) |
|   |   | 3. | Empire building in Taiwan, Korea, and Manchuria |
|   |   | 4. | Admiration from the colonial world |

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|   | **IV.** | **A Second World War** |

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|   | **A.** | **The Road to War in Asia** |
|   |   | 1. | Invasion of Manchuria, 1931, and of China, 1937 |
|   |   | 2. | Frustrations with the US, Europe, and the USSR |
|   |   | 3. | Invasion of colonial Southeast Asia for resources |
|   |   | 4. | “Asia for Asians” versus reality of occupation |
|   |   | 5. | Reluctant attack on Pearl Harbor, December 7, 1941 |
|  | **B.** | **The Road to War in Europe** |
|   |   | 1. | A deliberate, planned, and desired war: *lebensraum* |
|   |   | 2. | Rearmament and expansion, 1935–1939 |
|   |   | 3. | France conquered, Britain bombed, and the USSR invaded |
|   |   | 4. | *Blitzkrieg* |
|   |   | 5. | USSR and the United States turn the tide in 1942 |
|  | **C.** | **The Outcomes of Global Conflict** |
|   |   | 1. | 60,000,000 dead, 50 percent civilians |
|   |   | 2. | 25,000,000 in USSR and 15,000,000 in China |
|   |   | 3. | Massive mobilizations for total war |
|   |   | 4. | Women as workers and as victims |
|   |   | 5. | Holocaust and other Nazi mass murders |
|   |   | 6. | Legacies of the Holocaust |
|   |   | 7. | A weakened Europe |
|   |   | 8. | Communist world expands |
|   |   | 9. | United Nations, World Bank, and International Monetary Fund |

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|   | **V.** | **The Recovery of Europe** |
|   | A. | A disastrous first half of the century but a much better second half |
|   | B. | Marshall Plan |
|   | C. | European Coal and Steel Community |
|   | D. | NATO and America’s “empire by invitation” |